# ISHIK UNIVERSITY

Date: \_\_\_\_/01/2018

**Duration: 60 minutes** 

Type of Exam: Quiz X Mid-Term Exam

□ Final Exam □Make-up Exam

#### App.1

# **QUESTIONS for FACE2FACE PRE-INTERMEDIATE BOOK FOLLOWERS**

# WRITING SECTION

# **Choose the right word to fill in the gaps** (10\*1=10).

- 1. You can read Jamie's .....book in 28 language.
- 2. Jamie is the UK's second-biggest sells .....of all time of the JK Rowling. c) relaxing
- 3. Jamie .....in USA on  $\overline{27^{\text{th}}}$  May 1975.
- 4. He .....his first TV series, the Naked Chief in 1995.
- 6. In 2001 Jamie opened a .....in London.
- 7. In 2005 Jamie made a ty series called.....
- 8. The British .....agreed to spend an extra £280 million on schools.
- 9. Jamie .....in July 2000 and lives in London.
- 10. When he is home he enjoys .....but never cooks.

## **READING SECTION**

### Read the article then answer the questions in full sentences (10\*3=30)

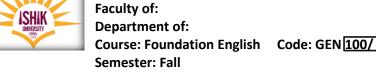
## National Sports from around the World

Many countries have unofficial national sports, such as football in the UK or rugby in New Zealand. Only around 13 countries have official national sports, and these are sometimes very different from their most popular sports. For example, the official national sport of Argentina is an unusual sport called Pato. Pato is a bit like basketball, because the players try to throw a ball through a hoop to score a goal. But the big difference between pato and basketball is that in pato, the players ride on horses. The ball has handles, so it is easy to hold, but it's also easy for other players to pull it away from you. It can be dangerous because players can fall under the feet of the horses. The winner is the team with most goals at the end of six eight-minute periods. In kabaddi, the national sport of Bangladesh, there are two teams, one on each side of a 'field'. The teams take turns to send a player, called a 'raider', to the other side of the field. To score a point, the raider must touch a player on the other side and then get back home to his side. He has to be quick, because he can't breathe when he's on the other side of the field, and he has to say "kabaddi, kabaddi" again and again during a raid to show that he isn't breathing. If a raider breathes before he gets back home, the other side gets a point. It's also difficult for the players on the other side. They must hold hands with each other, which means it's harder for them to get away from the raider. If they don't hold hands, the raider's side gets a point. The team with the most points at the end wins. Brazil's official national sport is capoeira, a mixture of martial arts, dancing and music. Capoeira looks like a beautiful dance, but the fighting is still an important part of the sport. Players don't usually try to knock each other down, but instead they try to show who is the most skillful. Capoeira is becoming more popular in other countries, and every year thousands of students come to Brazil to study the sport. Canada has two national sports, ice hockey in the winter and lacrosse in the summer. In modern lacrosse, there are ten players on each team. The players use a stick to catch, carry and throw the ball and to score as many goals as possible. The game started around 1,500 years ago, when there were between 100 and 1,000 players in each team – and the games could continue for two or three days!

1-How many countries have official national sports?

.....

2-How do players score a goal in pato?



a) 'Jamie school launches' b) got married

d) was born

g) government

e) recipe

f) author

h) office

i) made

i) café

# **ISHIK UNIVERSITY**

Faculty of:

ISHIK

Department of:

Course: Foundation English Code: GEN 100/ Semester: Fall Date: \_\_\_\_/01/2018 Duration: 60 minutes

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3-Why is pato dangerous?						
4-How does a raider score a point in kabaddi?						
5-Why do raiders say "kabaddi, kabaddi" all the time?						
6-What is capoeira a mixture of?						
7-How many players are there in a lacrosse team now?						
8-How many were there 1,500 years ago?						
Are these sentences True or False? Correct the false sentences. 9-Pato is the same with basketball in everything.						
10-Every year hundreds of students come to Brazil to study the sport.						
GRAMMAR SECTION						
Choose the correct word (30*2=60).						
1. This is the painting was stolen in 2004.						
A- What	<b>B</b> - Who	C- Where	<b>D</b> - Which			
2 anything about astronomy?						
A- Do you know	<b>B</b> Are you know	C Have you know	<b>D</b> Do you knowing			
3. I Portuguese because I lived in Brazil for ten years.						
A- understand	<b>B</b> - 'm understanding	C- to understand	<b>D</b> -'ll understand			
4. The film was awful and we were very						
	<b>B</b> - boring	C-bore	<b>D</b> - boredom			
5. Are you three boys in the						
A- comfort	<b>B</b> - comfortable	C- comforted	<b>D</b> - comforting			
6. I of ghosts.		~				
A- frighten	<b>B</b> - am frightened	C- am frightening	<b>D</b> - frightened			
7. He is officer in the army.						
$\mathbf{A}$ - the	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b> - a	<b>D</b> - an			
8. Don't stop you have find		C mutil				
A- first B- since C- until D- to						
9. My friends running six ti A- play	<b>B</b> - go	C- go to	<b>D</b> - do			
r)	0-	- 0				

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10. Wegymnastics ever	y weekend.						
A- play	<b>B</b> - go	C- go	to	<b>D</b> - do			
11 newspaper do you	ı read?	-					
A- How	<b>B</b> - Which	C-WI	10	<b>D-</b> Where			
12. Twice / We / sport / a / always / w	veek / do.						
<b>A</b> - We do sport always twice a week. <b>B</b> - We always twice a week do sport.							
C- We always do sport twice a week.	<b>D-</b> Twice a week we always do sport.						
13. <u>Mathew</u> works for a bank.							
A- Who does Mathew work?	A- Who does Mathew work? B- Who does work in a bank?						
C- Who does Mathew work for?	s Mathew work for? <b>D-</b> Who works for a bank?						
14. Gary texted me two hours							
A- ago	<b>B</b> - last	C- aft	er	<b>D-</b> before			
15. Whatthey	when you saw them?						
A- are, doing	<b>B</b> - was, doing	C-we	re, doing	<b>D-</b> were, do			
16. While hein the queue, he the Japanese woman again.							
A- were waiting, was seeing B- was waiting, was seeing							
C- is waiting, saw D- was waiting, saw							
17. The phone ranghe was c	checking his Emails.						
A- while	<b>B</b> - so	C-bec	cause	<b>D</b> - until			
18. They lived there2010.							
A- in	<b>B</b> - on	C- at		<b>D</b> - every			
19. I went to London last weekend. (The same for me.)							
A- Nor do I.	<b>B-</b> So do I.	C-So	did I.	<b>D-</b> Nor did I.			
20. I don't like watching football. (D	ifferent for me)						
A- Nor do I.	<b>B</b> - oh, I do.	C- oh,	I don't.	<b>D-</b> Nor did I.			
Fill in the gaps in the conversations	s with these words and	phrases. [	10]				
can't couldn't I'll worry	<b>Oh, dear</b> have to	had to	Another time	happened I'm sorry			
1- <b>Tom</b> I'm really sorry. I	come to the cine	ma tonight	. I	study for an exam.			
Ann Don't maybe.							
2- Jim I'm sorry I see you last night. I was feeling ill so I went to bed early.							
Sue! Are you		C		-			
3- <b>Bob</b> I didn't cor	e						
Mia Oh, right. What?							
Bob I work late see you this evening, I promise.							
		-					

Name :