## Integumentary System

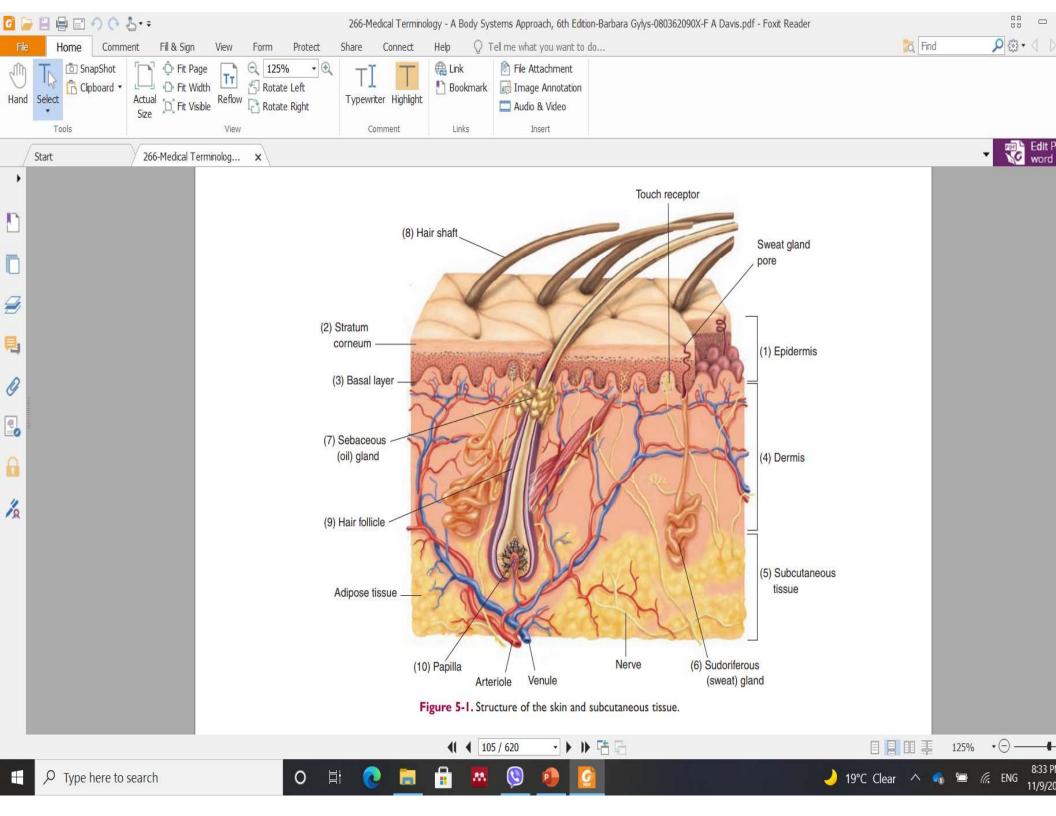
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#### **Anatomy and Physiology Key Terms**

| Terms   | Defintion  |
|---|--|
| androgen<br>AN-dr <sup>-</sup> ĭ o-j ĭ en                                   | Generic term for an agent (usually a hormone, such as testosterone and androsterone) that stimulates development of male characteristics                   |
| ductule DUK-t ¯ ul duct: to lead; carry -ule: small, minute                 | Very small duct  |
| homeostasis h o-m e- o-STA-s ls homeo-: same, alike -stasis: standing still | State in which the regulatory mechanisms of the body maintain an internal environment within tolerable levels, despite changes in the external environment |

| scrotum<br>SKRO-t ~um        | Pouch of skin in the male that contains the testicles                          |
|------------------------------|--|
| synthesis<br>SIN-th es- is   | Formation of a complex substance by the union of simpler compounds or elements |
| synthesize<br>SˇIN-thˇe-s¯ız | To produce by <b>synthesis</b>   |



| adip/o   | fat  | adip/osis: abnormal condition of fat -osis: abnormal condition; increase (used primarily with blood cells) |
|----------|------|--|
| lip/o    |      | lip/o/cele: hernia containing fat  |
| steat/o  | Skin | steat/itis: inflammation of fatty (adipose) tissue   |
| cutane/o |      | ub/ <b>cutane</b> /ous : pertaining to beneath the skin  |
| dermat/o |      | dermat/o/plasty: surgical repair of the skin   |
| derm/o   |      | hypo/derm/ic : pertaining to under the skin  |

| hidr/o   | sweat                               | hidr/aden/itis: inflammation of the sweat glands         |
|----------|-------------------------------------|--|
| sudor/o  |                                     | sudor/esis: profuse sweating                             |
| ichthy/o | dry, scaly                          | ichthy/osis: abnormal condition of dry or scaly skin     |
| kerat/o  | horny<br>tissue;<br>hard;<br>cornea | kerat/osis: abnormal condition of horny tissue           |
| melan/o  | black                               | melan/oma : black tumor                                  |
| myc/o    | fungus<br>(plural,<br><i>fungi)</i> | dermat/o/ <b>myc</b> /osis: fungal infection of the skin |

| onych/o     | nail                                      | onych/o/malacia: softening of the nails                           |
|-------------|---|---|
| ungu/o      |   | ungu/al (UNG-gw ˘ al): pertaining to the nails                    |
| pil/o       | hair                                      | pil/o/nid/al: pertaining to hair in a nest                        |
| trich/o     |   | trich/o/pathy: disease involving the hair                         |
| scler/o     | hardening;<br>sclera<br>(white<br>of eye) | scler/o/derma: hardening of the skin                              |
| seb/o       | sebum,<br>sebaceous                       | seb/o/rrhea: discharge of sebum An oily substance produce by skin |
| squam/<br>o | scale                                     | squam/ous: pertaining to scales (or covered with scales)          |
| xen/o       | foreign,<br>strange                       | xen/o/graft: skin transplantation from a foreign donor            |
| xer/o       | dry                                       | xer/o/derma: dry skin   |

## Suffixes

| -cyte    | cell                       | lip/o/cyte: fat cell  |
|----------|----------------------------|---|
| -derma   | Skin                       | py/o/ <b>derma</b> : pus in the skin                                |
| -logist  | specialist in the study of | dermat/o/ <b>logist</b> : specialist in treatment of skin disorders |
| -logy    | study of                   | dermat/o/logy: study of the skin (and its diseases)                 |
| -therapy | treatment                  | cry/o/ <b>therapy</b> : use of cold in the treatment (of disease)   |

## Prefix

| an-   | without, not                  | <pre>an/hidr/osis: abnormal condition of absence of sweat</pre>   |
|-------|-------------------------------|---|
| Dia-  | through, across               | dia/phoresis: excessive or profuse sweating; also called sudoresis or hyperhidrosis                         |
| ері   | above, upon                   | epi/derm/is: above the skin   |
| homo  | same                          | homo/graft: transplantation of tissue between individuals of the same species; also called <i>allograft</i> |
| hyper | excessive,<br>above<br>normal | hyper/hidr/osis: excessive or profuse sweating; also called <i>diaphoresis</i> or <i>sudoresis</i>          |
| sub   | under,<br>below               | sub/ungu/al: pertaining to beneath the nail of a finger or toe  |



#### Diagnostic, Symptomatic, and Related Terms

| abscess          | Localized collection of pus at the site of an infection .                   |
|------------------|---|
| acne             | Inflammatory disease of the sebaceous glands and hair follicles of the skin |
| alopecia         | Partial or complete loss of hair.   |
| Bowen<br>disease | Form of intraepidermal carcinoma.   |
| cellulitis       | acute infection of the skin and subcutaneous tissue                         |



| chloasma<br>kl <sup>-</sup> o-AZ-m <sup>-</sup> <sup>-</sup><br>a | Pigmentary skin discoloration usually occurring in yellowish brown patches or spots   |
|---|---|
| comedo  | Typical small skin lesion of acne vulgaris caused by accumulation of keratin, bacteria, and dried sebum plugging an excretory duct of the skin                                  |
| dermatomyc<br>osis  | Infection of the skin caused by fungi   |
| ecchymosis<br>ek- i-MO-<br>s is                                   | Skin discoloration consisting of a large, irregularly formed hemorrhagic area with colors changing from blue-black to greenish brown or yellow; commonly called a <i>bruise</i> |
|   |   |

| eczema    | Chronic skin inflammation characterized by erythema, papules, vesicles, pustules, scales, crusts, scabs, and, possibly, itching |
|-----------|---|
| erythema  | Redness of the skin caused by swelling of the capillaries   |
| eschar    | Damaged tissue following a severe burn  |
| impetigo  | Bacterial skin infection .  |
| keratosis | Thickened area of the epidermis or any horny growth on the skin   |
| lentigo   | Unnatural paleness or absence of color in the skin  |

| pediculosis       | Infestation with lice,  |
|-------------------|---|
| petechia          | Minute, pinpoint hemorrhage under the skin  |
| pressure<br>ulcer | Skin ulceration caused by prolonged pressure from lying in one position that prevents blood flow to the tissues.  |
| pruritus          | Intense itching   |
| psoriasis         | Chronic skin disease characterized by circumscribed red patches covered by thick, dry, silvery, adherent scales caused by excessive development of the basal layer of the epidermis |



| purpura   | Any of several bleeding disorders characterized by hemorrhage into the tissues, particularly beneath the skin.    |
|-----------|---|
| scabies   | Contagious skin disease transmitted by the itch mite, commonly through sexual contact                             |
| tinea     | Fungal skin infection whose name commonly indicates the body part affected; also called ringworm                  |
| urticaria | Allergic reaction of the skin characterized by the eruption of pale red, elevated patches called wheals or hives. |
|           |   |

| verruca  | Epidermal growth caused by a virus; also known as warts. Types include plantar warts, juvenile warts, and venereal warts |
|----------|--|
| vitiligo | Localized loss of skin pigmentation characterized by milk-white patches  |



#### **Diagnostic and Therapeutic Procedure**

| skin test<br>(ST) | Any test in which a suspected allergen or sensitizer.   |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
| patch             | Skin test that identifies suspected allergens by topical application of the substance to be tested.   |  |
| scratch           | Skin test that identifies suspected allergens by placing a small quantity of the suspected allergen on a lightly scratched area of the skin |  |
| biopsy            | Representative tissue sample removed from a body site for microscopic examination   |  |
| debrideme<br>nt   | Removal of necrotized tissue from a wound by surgical excision, enzymes, or chemical agents   |  |

| fulguration   | Tissue destruction by means of high-frequency electric current.  |  |
|---|--|--|
| cryosurgery<br>kr <sup>-</sup> ı- <sup>-</sup> o-SER-j <sup>*</sup> er- <sup>-</sup> <sup>*</sup> e | Use of subfreezing temperature to destroy or eliminate abnormal tissue, such as tumors, warts, and unwanted, cancerous, or infected tissue |  |
| xenograft   | Transplantation (dermis only) from a foreign donor. also called <i>heterograf</i>  |  |
| allograft<br>AL-¯ ĭ o-grĭaft  | Transplantation of healthy tissue from one person to another person; also called homograft   |  |

### **Abbreviations**

| bx    | biopsy   | ID                       | intradermal                               |
|-------|--|--------------------------|---|
| ВСС   | basal cell<br>carcinoma                        | I&D                      | incision and drainage                     |
| CA    | cancer;<br>chronological<br>age; cardiac arres | IMP                      | impression (synonymous with the diagnosis |
| decub | decubitus (ulcer)                              | subcu,<br>Sub-Q,<br>subQ | subcutaneous (injection)                  |
| derm  | dermatology                                    | ung                      | ointment                                  |
| FS    | frozen section                                 | XP, XDP                  | xeroderma<br>pigmentosum                  |

# Thank you