QUESTION BANK 6

Q1. A 68.5 kg skater moving initially at 2.4 m/s on rough horizontal ice comes to rest uniformly in 3.52 s due to friction from the ice. What force does friction exert on the skater?

Solution:

$$v_f = v_0 + at$$
, $v_f = 0$, thus $a = -\frac{v_0}{t} = -\frac{2.4}{3.52} = -0.68 \, m/s^2$
Force = ma = 68.5 * (-0.68) = -47 N, Friction = 47N

Q2. A box rests on a frozen pond, which serves as a frictionless horizontal surface. If a fisherman applies a horizontal force with magnitude 48.0 N to the box and produces an acceleration of magnitude 3 m/s^2 , what is the mass of the box?

Solution:

$$F = ma \rightarrow m = \frac{F}{a} = \frac{48}{3} = 16 \, Kg$$

Q3. A dock worker applies a constant horizontal force of 80.0 N to a block of ice on a smooth horizontal floor. The frictional force is negligible. The block starts from rest and moves 11.0 m in 5.00 s. What is the mass of the block of ice?

Solution:

$$F = ma \rightarrow m = \frac{F}{a} = \frac{F}{(\frac{x}{t^2})} = \frac{80}{(\frac{11}{25})} = \frac{80}{0.44} = 182 \ kg$$

Q4. Superman throws a 2400-N boulder at an adversary. What horizontal force must Superman apply to the boulder to give it a horizontal acceleration of 12 m/s^2 .

Solution:

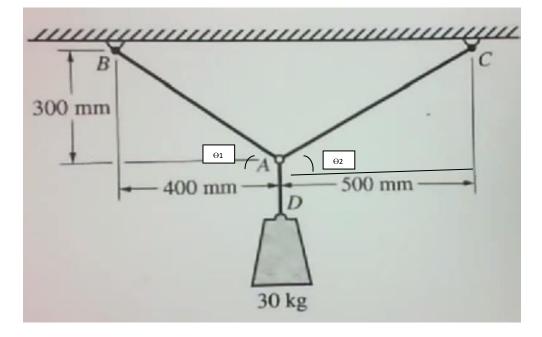
$$w = mg \rightarrow m = \frac{w}{g} = \frac{2400}{9.8} = 244.9 \ kg$$

 $F = ma = 244.9 \ * 12 = 2938 \ N$

Q5. A stockroom worker pushes a box with mass 11.2 kg on a horizontal surface with a constant speed of 3.5 m/s. The coefficient of kinetic friction between the box and the surface is 0.20. (a) What horizontal force must the worker apply to maintain the motion? (b) Acceleration? **Solution**:

a. Friction =
$$\mu_{\rm K}$$
 n = $\mu_{\rm K}$ mg =0.2 * 11.2 * 9.8= 22N
b. $F = ma \rightarrow a = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{22}{11.2} = 1.96 \ m/s^2$

Q6: from the below diagram, determine the tension force produces between points AB and AC. **Solution**:



 $F_{AD}=mg = 30* 9.8 = 294 N$

$$\theta_{1} = \tan^{-1} \frac{300}{400} = 36.8^{0}$$
$$\theta_{2} = \tan^{-1} \frac{300}{500} = 30.8^{0}$$
$$\sum_{AB} fx = 0$$
$$-F_{AB} \cos 36.8 + F_{AC} \cos 30.8 = 0$$
$$F_{AB} = 1.07 F_{AC} \dots \dots (1)$$

$$\sum_{abc} fy = 0$$

-294 + F_{AB} sin 36.8 + F_{AC} sin 30.8 = 0

 $-294 + 0.6 F_{AB} + 0.514 F_{AC} = 0 \qquad \dots (2)$

By Substituting 1 in 2,

$$-294 + 0.6 (1.07F_{AC}) + 0.514F_{AC} = 0$$

$$F_{AC} = 254.3N$$

 $F_{AB} = 272.1N$