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| Student name ----------------------------------------  Teacher name ------------------- ------------------  Date / / 2024-2025 | | | | | | | | |
| **FIRST YEAR / PROCEDURE EVALUATION DOCUMENT** | | | | | | | | |
| PROCEDURE **INFECTION CONTROL- DONNING A STERILE GOWN AND PERFORMED CLOSED GLOVING** | | | | **D** | **M** | **A** | **S** | **I** |
| **No.** | **Skill steps** | **Rational** | | **0 0** | **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** |
|  | Prepared procedure equipment:   * Personnal protective attire * Two pairs of sterile gloves, the inner pair one size larger, the outer pair being the nurse’s correct size * Sterile gown | Organizing skill equipment facilitate accurate skill performance | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ppersonnel are required to done protective attire: appropriate footwear, shoe covers as required, hair covering, appropriate surgical face mask and protective eyewear, prior to gowning and gloving | Prevents hair and air droplet nuclei from contaminating the aspect field. Eyewear protects staff from inadvertent splashes of chemicals, blood and body fluids. | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Perform thorough surgical hand wash | Removes transient bacteria from fingers, hands, and forearm | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The circulating nurse aseptically opens a sterile gown pack containing a sterile gown, which is folded inside out. | Outer surface of gown remains sterile | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The circulating nurse peels open glove package without contaminating the sterile inner contents. Inner glove package is then placed on sterile outer created by sterile outer wrapper. | Inner packaging and gloves remain sterile, allowing instrument nurse to handle aseptically | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reach down to sterile gown package; lift folded gown directly up and step back away from table | Provides sufficient space to done gown without contaminating | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Hold the folded gown away from the scrub suit, locate neckband and allow the reminder of the gown to unfold without being touched | Outer surface of gown remains sterile | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Use both hands to find the arm holds of the gown and push the hands and arms through simultaneously, without allowing the hands to protrude out from the wrist cuffs. Once the gown is pulled on, the sleeves should cover hands. | Clean hands may touch the inside of the gown without contaminating the outer surface. Gown covers hands to prepare for closed gloving | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Circulating nurse may reach inside gown to arm seams to bring gown over shoulders. Ask the circulating nurse to cecurely tie up the back of the gown. | Gown must completely enclose underlying garments. The front tie or tab of the gown is handed to another sterile person to turn the gown. This allows a sterile flap to cover the back | |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Closed Gloving** | | | |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | With hands still covered by the gown sleeves, open the inner package of the larger sized gloves. The right glove will be located on the right side of the package, and the left glove will be located on the left side of the package | | Outside of the gown remains sterile. Double gloving is recommended to minimize cross-infection from sharp items |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | With the dominant hand inside gown cuff, pick up the glove for the non-dominant hand by grasping the folded cuff | | Sterile gown to touches sterile glove |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Extend non-dominant hand and forearm, with the palm facing upwards and place the palm of the glove against the palm of non-dominant hand. Glove fingers will point towards the elbow | | Positions glove for application over cuffed hand, maintaining glove sterility |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Grasp back of glove cuff with covered dominant hand. Turn glove cuff over end of non-dominant hand and gown cuff | | Seal created by glove cuff over gown prevents exit of microorganisms over operative aspect field. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Grasp the cuff of the glove and the underlying gown sleeve, with the gown cuff still covering dominant hand. Carefully extend fingers into the sterile glove | |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Glove the dominant hand in the same manner, reversing hands. Use gloved non-dominant hand to pull the other glove at the cuff of the gown and extend fingers into the glove. Keep the hand inside sleeve cuff at all times to ensure closed gloving. Ensure fingers are fully extended into both gloves. | | When both hands are covered by sterile gloves, fingers can more easily be manipulated into the gloves. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | The second outer pair of gloves can be applied by the instrument nurse. | | the sterile gloved hands touch the second sterile pair of gloves. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Undo the fastener or ties in front of the gown and hand to a gowned and gloved sterile member of the surgical team. They will stand still while the instrument nurse turns around to cover their back, with extended gown flap. | | Contact with an unsterile team member can risk contamination of sterile gown or gloves. Gown must completely enclose underlying garments. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | The scrub team must ensure they either pass each other face to face or back to back, to avoid the unsterile back of the gown contaminating the aseptic field or personnel. | | Scrubbed personnel are considered sterile from mid-chest to waist and elbows to glove tips only. The back of the gown, the area under the arms, the collar, the area below the waist and sleeves above the elbows are considered unsterile, as the nurse cannot keep these areas in constant view to ensure their sterility |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | It is not necessary to record or report this procedure | | |  |  |  |  |  |

**D- Dependent, M- Marginal, A-Assisted, S- Supervised, I- Independent.**