

Data Structures & Algorithms – Lab #7

Aim: Getting Familiar with the Merge Sort Algorithm, Divide-and-Conquer Approach

Topics:

1. Divide-and-Conquer Approach
2. Implementation of the Merge Sorting Algorithm
3. Evaluating the Execution Time of Merge Sort

Lab Questions

Q1 – Implement the **Merge Sort Algorithm**, then do the following:

- Declare and initialize this list → sample1 = [4, 9, 2, 10, 3]
- Sort the **sample1** list by calling the algorithm.

Merge Sort Function

```
##### Merge Sort Function #####
def mergeSort(data):
    # Base Case
    if len(data)<=1:
        return data

    # Dividing the dataset to Two Halves (Left and Right)
    mid = len(data)//2
    left = data[:mid]
    right = data[mid:]

    # Recursion (Calling the algorithm for each half)
    mergeSort(left)
    mergeSort(right)

    # Merging Two Halves
    i = 0
    j = 0
    k = 0
    while i<len(left) and j<len(right):
        if left[i]<= right[j]:
            data[k] = left[i]
            i += 1
        else:
            data[k] = right[j]
            j += 1
        k += 1

    # Handling the Remaining Items in Both Halves
    while i<len(left):
        data[k] = left[i]
        i += 1
        k += 1
    while j<len(right):
        data[k] = right[j]
        j += 1
        k += 1
    return data
```

Calling the merge sort function on a sample data:

```
sample1 = [4, 9, 2, 10, 3]
print("Before Merge Sort:", sample1)

mergeSort(sample1)
print("After Merge Sort:", sample1)
```

Q2 – Call the **Merge sort algorithm** to sort a list of 1000 random integer numbers between 1 and 1000000, and calculate its execution time:

- Read the numbers from an Excel file, named “test.xlsx”.
- “test.xlsx” has one column named “numbers” containing the list of 1000 random numbers.

```
# pandas library is used to read an excel file data in Python IDE
import pandas as pd
import time

# read_excel() is a method in pandas library to read the excel file
data = pd.read_excel(r"File Path of test.xlsx")

# Extracting "numbers" column values and converting it to a list
sample2 = data['numbers'].tolist()

# Calling merge sort algorithm and calculating its execution time
start = time.time()
mergeSort(sample2)
end = time.time()

print("Execution Time of Merge Sort Algorithm:", end-start)
```



Execution Time of Merge Sort Algorithm: 0.04762458801269531

	A	B	
1		numbers	
2	0	419417	
3	1	626166	
4	2	80014	
5	3	422788	
6	4	860574	
7	5	125993	
8	6	74844	
9	7	735261	
10	8	512811	
11	9	669853	
12	10	925531	
13	11	511774	
14	12	946547	
15	13	404331	
16	14	443496	
17	15	259392	
18	16	743893	
19	17	592892	
20	18	737228	
21	19	834870	
22	20	752205	
23	21	344242	
24	22	550063	
25	23	73570	
26	24	896089	
27	25	983396	
28	26	738022	